

Open and Honest Care in your Local Hospital



The Open and Honest Care: Driving Improvement Programme aims to support organisations to become more transparent and consistent in publishing safety, experience and improvement data; with the overall aim of improving care, practice and culture.

Report for:

**St Helens & Knowsley NHS
Teaching Hospitals**

December 2014

Open and Honest Care at St Helens & Knowsley NHS Teaching Hospitals :

December 2014

This report is based on information from December 2014. The information is presented in three key categories: safety, experience and improvement. This report will also signpost you towards additional information about St Helens & Knowsley NHS Teaching Hospitals's performance.

1. SAFETY

Safety thermometer

On one day each month we check to see how many of our patients suffered certain types of harm whilst in our care. We call this the NHS Safety Thermometer. The safety thermometer looks at four harms: pressure ulcers, falls, blood clots and urine infections for those patients who have a urinary catheter in place. This helps us to understand where we need to make improvements. The score below shows the percentage of patients who did not experience any harms.

98.8% of patients did not experience any of the four harms

For more information, including a breakdown by category, please visit:

<http://www.safetythermometer.nhs.uk/>

Health care associated infections (HCAIs)

HCAIs are infections acquired as a result of healthcare interventions. Clostridium difficile (C.difficile) and methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) bacteremia are the most common. C.difficile is a type of bacterial infection that can affect the digestive system, causing diarrhoea, fever and painful abdominal cramps - and sometimes more serious complications. The bacteria does not normally affect healthy people, but because some antibiotics remove the 'good bacteria' in the gut that protect against C.difficile, people on these antibiotics are at greater risk.

The MRSA bacteria is often carried on the skin and inside the nose and throat. It is a particular problem in hospitals because if it gets into a break in the skin it can cause serious infections and blood poisoning. It is also more difficult to treat than other bacterial infections as it is resistant to a number of widely-used antibiotics.

We have a zero tolerance policy to infections and are working towards eradicating them; part of this process is to set improvement targets. If the number of actual cases is greater than the target then we have not improved enough. The table below shows the number of infections we have had this month, plus the improvement target and results for the year to date.

	C.difficile	MRSA
This month	0	0
Annual Improvement target	19	0
Actual to date	34	2

For more information please visit:

www.sthk.nhs.uk

Pressure ulcers

Pressure ulcers are localised injuries to the skin and/or underlying tissue as a result of pressure. They are sometimes known as bedsores. They can be classified into four categories, with one being the least severe and four being the most severe. **The pressure ulcers reported include all validated avoidable/unavoidable pressure ulcers that were obtained at any time during a hospital admission that were not present on initial assessment.**

This month 4 Category 2 - Category 4 pressure ulcers were acquired during hospital stays.

Severity	Number of pressure ulcers
Category 2	4
Category 3	0
Category 4	0

The pressure ulcer numbers include all pressure ulcers that occurred from hours after admission to this Trust.

So we can know if we are improving even if the number of patients we are caring for goes up or down, we also calculate an average called 'rate per 1,000 occupied bed days'. This allows us to compare our improvement over time, but cannot be used to compare us with other hospitals, as their staff may report pressure ulcers in different ways, and their patients may be more or less vulnerable to developing pressure ulcers than our patients. For example, other hospitals may have younger or older patient populations, who are more or less mobile, or are undergoing treatment for different illnesses.

Rate per 1000 bed days:	0.21
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Falls

This measure includes all falls in the hospital that resulted in injury, categorised as moderate, severe or death, regardless of cause. **This includes avoidable and unavoidable falls sustained at any time during the hospital admission.**

This month we reported 4 fall(s) that caused at least 'moderate' harm.

Severity	Number of falls
Moderate	0
Severe	4
Death	0

So we can know if we are improving even if the number of patients we are caring for goes up or down, we also calculate an average called 'rate per 1,000 occupied bed days'. This allows us to compare our improvement over time, but cannot be used to compare us with other hospitals, as their staff may report falls in different ways, and their patients may be more or less vulnerable to falling than our patients. For example, other hospitals may have younger or older patient populations, who are more or less mobile, or are undergoing treatment for different illnesses.

Rate per 1,000 bed days:	0.21
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2. EXPERIENCE

To measure patient and staff experience we ask a number of questions. The idea is simple: if you like using a certain product or doing business with a particular company you like to share this experience with others.



The Friends & Family Test

The answers given are used to give a score which is the percentage of patients who responded that they would recommend our service to their friends and family.

Patient experience

The Friends and Family Test

The Friends and Family Test (FFT) requires all patients, after discharge, to be asked: *How likely are you to recommend our ward to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment?* We ask this question to patients who have been an in-patient or attended A&E (if applicable) in our Trust.

In-patient FFT score*

94.78%

% recommended

This is based on 613 responses.

A&E FFT Score

92.75%

% recommended

This is based on 207 responses

*This result may have changed since publication, for the latest score please visit:

<http://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/friends-and-family-test/friends-and-family-test-data/>

We also asked 164 patients the following questions about their care:

	% Recommended
Were you involved as much as you wanted to be in the decisions about your care and treatment?	91
If you were concerned or anxious about anything while you were in hospital, did you find a member of staff to talk to?	95
Were you given enough privacy when discussing your condition or treatment?	90
During your stay were you treated with compassion by hospital staff?	99
Did you always have access to the call bell when you needed it?	96
Did you get the care you felt you required when you needed it most?	96
How likely are you to recommend our ward/unit to friends and family if they needed similar care or treatment?	96

A patient's story

Praiseworthy, Positive Patient Experience in Merseyside Plastic Surgery Unit

I was referred to Mr Dave Bell, Consultant Plastic Surgeon, with a hand problem. I visited Whiston Hospital for the first time earlier this year. It proved to be a very positive experience thanks to Mr Bell's skill and empathy, the expertise of his team and the kindness generally of the hospital staff with whom I had contact. Having limited mobility I appreciated their patience and help.

Mr Bell is a highly skilled surgeon with a professional, open and pleasant personality. At the initial consultation he was able to put me at my ease, outline my options and agree with me the best way forward. The prospect of having an operation, awake, with a local anaesthetic really scared me. I had no need to be scared. In the Sanderson Suite Theatre Mr Bell was very reassuring, his experience enabled him at each stage to tell me what was being done, what I would feel, etc. Throughout, he was supported by a 'dream team' of efficient, kind staff. The mutual respect was palpable. Undoubtedly, my trauma was minimised by the care and consideration I received at all levels at Whiston Hospital. Thank you, I am grateful and it deserves to be acknowledged.

Staff experience

We asked 116 staff the following questions:

	% Recommended
I would recommend this ward/unit as a place to work	88
I would recommend the standard of care on this ward/unit to a friend or relative if they needed treatment	90
I am satisfied with the quality of care I give to the patients, carers and their families	90

3. IMPROVEMENT

Improvement story: we are listening to our patients and making changes

As a result of one family's dissatisfaction with a recent consultation a very positive and productive meeting was held with the family and two senior members of the Trust to discuss the issues.

The areas of concern highlighted by the family will be discussed with the staff involved and environmental changes will be made as a direct result of the feedback from this family to ensure that patients and their carers are included in the consultation and conversation regarding pathways of care and relevant information. It is important to be open and honest and recognise when things need changing.

Supporting information

Infection Control -

You will notice from the report above that the C.difficile figures are higher than our target. However, the Trust has engaged in an appeals process against a number of these results. The Trust has a robust action plan to work towards reducing the number of cases

Falls -

Please note that these numbers may be subject to change upon an in-depth investigation of an incident

